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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,508	02/26/2004	Michael C. Park	23627-08902 (IMV-098-C1-U	9100
758 FENWICK & V	7590 08/05/2008 WEST LLP	8	EXAMINER	
SILICON VAL	LEY CENTER	BELOUSOV, ANDREY		
801 CALIFORI MOUNTAIN V	NIA STREET IEW, CA 94041		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2174	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/05/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)	
		10/78	9,508	PARK ET AL.		
		Exam	ner	Art Unit		
		ANDR	EY BELOUSOV	2174		
The MAIL Period for Reply	ING DATE of this commu	nication appears on	the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	address	
A SHORTENED WHICHEVER IS - Extensions of time n after SIX (6) MONTH - If NO period for reply - Failure to reply withi Any reply received b	STATUTORY PERIOD F LONGER, FROM THE May be available under the provision 1S from the mailing date of this com is specified above, the maximum so in the set or extended period for repl by the Office later than three months adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In n munication. tatutory period will apply a y will, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUN o event, however, may and will expire SIX (6) MO application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed  DNTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
2a)⊠ This action 3)□ Since this	re to communication(s) file is <b>FINAL</b> .  application is in condition accordance with the pract	2b)⊡ This action for allowance exc	is non-final. ept for formal ma	•	he merits is	
Disposition of Clai	ms					
4a) Of the 5) ☐ Claim(s) _ 6) ☑ Claim(s) 1 7) ☐ Claim(s) _ 8) ☐ Claim(s) _ Application Papers		are withdrawn from				
10)∭ The drawir Applicant m Replaceme	cation is objected to by the og(s) filed on is/are nay not request that any object nt drawing sheet(s) including r declaration is objected to	:: a) ☐ accepted o ection to the drawing g the correction is re	(s) be held in abeyon	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U	.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
2) D Notice of Draftsper	es Cited (PTO-892) son's Patent Drawing Review ( sure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) late		Paper No	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application 		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is in response to the filing of March 19, 2008. Claims 15-24 are pending and have been considered below.

## Claim Objections

- 2. Claims 23 and 24 are objected to because of the following informalities:
  - a. Claim 23 contains a typographical error, the word "or" should be "of".
  - b. Claim 24 omits "the outlined area <u>are</u> manually adjusted" amendment as mentioned in the remarks.
- 3. Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 15 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Isobe</u> (U.S. Patent No. 5995108) in view of <u>Jacobs</u> et al. (U.S. Patent No. 2003/0011619.)
- Claim 15, 24: <u>Isobe</u> discloses an interactive seamer apparatus for seaming two or more single images vertically or horizontally into panoramic images, comprising:

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a. a user interface (Fig. 6) having a first display area (Fig. 6: 301) for displaying a panoramic image (a comprehensive picture of a given subject) and

b. a second display area for displaying the two or more single view images projected from the panoramic image (Fig. 6: 321),

However, <u>Isobe</u> does not explicitly disclose wherein,

- c. the two or more single view images having overlapping portions at least partially encompassed by at least one outlined area, each pixel in the overlapping portions encompassed by the outlined area having an opacity value that is determined by the location of the pixel in the outlined area and a predetermined opacity curve; and
- d. an image seamer for seaming the two or more single view images into the panoramic image,
- e. wherein the opacity values of the pixels in the overlapping portions encompassed by the outlined area are manually adjusted by changing the size of the outlined area in the second display area.

<u>Jacobs</u> discloses a similar device for image composition, having

c. two or more single view images having overlapping portions at least partially encompassed by at least one outlined area (Fig. 3: Blending Polygon Opacity Filter), each pixel in the overlapping portions encompassed by the outlined area having an opacity value that is determined by the location of the pixel in the outlined area and a predetermined opacity curve (Fig 3: "Sum of Light Transmitted through Left and Right Blend Polygon Filters Overlayed); and

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 d. an image seamer for seaming the two or more single view images into the panoramic image (Abstract; par 15),

e. wherein the opacity values of the pixels in the overlapping portions encompassed by the outlined area are adjusted by changing the size of the outlined area in the second display area (Abstract; par. 15.)

However, <u>Jacobs</u> does not explicitly disclose wherein the opacity values are changed manually. The Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the arts to accomplish something that is automatic by manual means (See <u>In re Venner</u>, 262 F.2d 91, 95, 120 USPQ 193, 194 (CCPA 1958)). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to manually adjust the opacity values by changing the size of the outlined area. One would have been motivated to adjust the opacity levels manually, as the artifacts produced by incorrect blending may not be readily ascertained by automatic means.

Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the known technique of using opacity blending as is disclosed in <u>Jacobs</u> to improve the similar device such as disclosed by <u>Isobe</u> in the same way to produce a predictable result.

6. Claims 16-19, and 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Teo</u> (U.S. Patent No. 6,046,399) in view of <u>Isobe</u> et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,995,108.)

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Claim 16: <u>Teo</u> discloses an interactive seamer apparatus for seaming two or more single view images vertically or horizontally into panoramic images, comprising:

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- a. a user interface having a first display area for displaying a panoramic image generated from a number of single view images (Fig. 4: 400), and
- b. wherein an array of control points (Fig. 4: 410, 430) are superimposed within (2:50) an area (Fig. 4: 420) in the panoramic image corresponding to an interior of the selected single view image for manually warping (8:17-21, "reshaping") parts of the panoramic image corresponding to the selected single view image by moving the control points, (8:17-39),
- c. the warping being independent of placement or movement of the selected single view image within the panoramic image (8:22-30); and
- d. an image seamer for seaming the selected single view image into the panoramic image based on user specified parameters (Abstract.)

However, **Teo** does not explicitly disclose,

 a. a second display area for displaying a selected single view image projected from the panoramic image,

Isobe discloses a similar device for panorama seaming, including a

a. a second display area (Fig. 16: 631) for displaying a selected single view image projected from the panoramic image (Fig. 6: 630.)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the known technique of separate editing window as disclosed by <u>Isobe</u> to improve the similar device such as

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disclosed by <u>Teo</u>, i.e. panorama editing, in the same way to produce a predictable result.

Claim 17: <u>Teo</u> and <u>Isobe</u> disclose the interactive seamer of claim 16. <u>Isobe</u> further discloses wherein at least one parameter adjusts the focal length of the selected portion of the panoramic image (Fig 16: 634, 635.) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the known technique of adjusting focal length as disclosed by <u>Isobe</u> to improve the similar device such as disclosed by <u>Teo</u>, i.e. panorama editing, in the same way to produce a predictable result.

Claim 18: Teo and Isobe disclose the interactive seamer of claim 16. Isobe further discloses wherein the user interface includes a third display area for displaying values of parameters (Fig. 16: 638.) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the known technique of displaying additional parameters (e.g. in text format) as disclosed by Isobe to improve the similar device such as disclosed by Teo, i.e. panorama editing, in the same way to produce a predictable result.

Claim 19: <u>Teo</u> and <u>Isobe</u> disclose the interactive seamer of claim 16. <u>Teo</u> further discloses wherein at least one parameter provides high resolution zoom to enable a user to examine artifacts without requiring a high resolution representation of the entire panoramic image (1:38-44; 2:23-27.)

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predictable result.

Claim 21: Teo and Isobe disclose the interactive seamer of claim 16. Isobe further discloses wherein at least one parameter specifies the lay down order of multiple single view images seamed together to form the panoramic image (Fig. 16: 637.) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the known technique of having lay down orders (such as in cases of layers) as disclosed by Isobe to improve the similar device such as disclosed by Teo, i.e. panorama editing, in the same way to produce a

Claim 22: Teo and Isobe disclose the interactive seamer of claim 16. Isobe further discloses wherein the user interface includes multiple view windows for simultaneously showing a perspectively correct view of the selected single view image and a changed view of the single view image (15:5-15.) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the known technique of having simultaneous display windows of the same content, but from different perspectives as disclosed by Isobe to improve the similar device such as disclosed by Teo, i.e. panorama editing, in the same way to produce a predictable result.

Claim 23: <u>Teo</u> and <u>Isobe</u> disclose the interactive seamer of claim 16. <u>Teo</u> further discloses wherein the selected single view image with manually induced changes is capable of being repositioned within the panoramic image without disturbing the manually induced changes (8:17-39.)

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7. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Teo</u> in view of Isobe et al., and in further view of Cleary et al. (4,470,779.)

Claim 20: Teo and Isobe disclose the interactive seamer of claim 16. However, Teo and Isobe do not disclose wherein at least one parameter specifies an artificial horizon in the panoramic image. Cleary discloses a similar system for panoramic display including specifying an artificial horizon in the panoramic image (Fig. 3A-3C.) Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the known technique of Cleary of an artificial horizon to improve a similar device of panoramic displays of Teo and Isobe with user specified parameters in the same way to obtain a predictable result.

### Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed March 19, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's argument that "Jacobs fails to disclose the feature of "the opacity values of the pixels ... are manually adjusted by changing the size of the outlined area in the second display area" as recited in claim 15 and 24, has been fully considered but is not persuasive. Though Jacobs discloses adjusting (par. 15) the opacity levels by changing the width of the polygons (outlined area), Jacobs does not explicitly state whether it is performed manually. However, The Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known in the arts to accomplish something that is automatic

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by manual means (See <u>In re Venner</u>, 262 F.2d 91, 95, 120 USPQ 193, 194 (CCPA 1958).)

- 9. Applicant's argument that "the dragging points 410 in <u>Teo</u> are neither arranged in an array not are they placed within the interior of the single view image" has been fully considered but is not persuasive. Claim 16 as recited does not limit that the points are to be arranged in an array, but merely that there is an array ("array" is a term of art in Computer Science that is used to mean a storage structure comprising a plurality of elements) of points, meaning, a plurality of points, a limitation that was already present. Furthermore, <u>Teo</u> discloses, as illustrated in Fig. 4, at least a set of two points (Fig. 4: 410, e.g. top right, bottom right) arranged in an array fashion.
- 10. The Examiner notes that "seaming two or more single view images vertically or horizontally into panoramic images" was amended into the preamble of the claim with an indication of intended use (See MPEP 2111.02 II, "Preamble statements reciting purpose or intended use".)

### Conclusion

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew Belousov whose telephone number is (571) 270-1695. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (alternate Fri off) EST. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong can be reached on (571) 272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-3800.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call

800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Steven P Sax/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2174

AΒ

July 29, 2008